## 全民英檢秘笈

瀛苑副刊

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- 1. 一句話可以單獨成立的,叫做主要子句或獨立子句。
- 2. 一句話雖然不能獨立成為一個句子,但是因為有主詞和動詞,所以可叫做子句
- 3. 子句分為兩種:形容詞子句和副詞子句形容詞子句:形容人或物副詞子句:不形容 人或物,而是獨立出來,通常做為背景、時間、條件。
- ※各位讀者必須能夠迅速鎖定主要子句,才能正確使用動詞文法,並可立刻看懂原文。
- 一、題目(請找出以下的主要子句(亦稱為獨立子句)及從屬子句)
- 1. If you know who he is, you should tell us.
- 2. Larry, who felt disappointed, left early.
- 3. People who have learned English in the right way already speak and write fluently.
- 4. The weather changed when you came.
- 5. While you were singing, the dog barked loudly.
- 6. She is the one who likes you.
- 7. Although there are many rumors about him, he ignores them and stays honest with himself.
- 8. Helen is a small girl who can solve all problems.
- 9. Those who see your beauty are wise.
- 10. The one who sees your beauty is wise.

## 二、答案

1. 主要: You should tell us.

從屬: if you know who he is

解析:這一句的從屬子句是if子句,所有的if子句都是副詞子句。

2. 主要:Larry left early.

從屬: who felt disappointed

解析:這一句的從屬子句在形容主詞Larry,所以是形容詞子句。

3. 主要: People already speak and write fluently.

從屬: who have learned English in the right way.

解析:這一句的從屬子句在形容主詞people,所以是形容詞子句。

4. 主要: The weather changed

從屬: when you came

解析:這一句的從屬子句沒有形容任何人或物,而獨立出來表示時間,所以是副詞子

句。

5. 主要: The dog barked.

從屬: while you were singing

解析:這一句的從屬子句並沒形容人或物,而是獨立出來表示時間,所以是副詞子句

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6. 主要: She is the one

從屬: who likes you

解析:這一句的從屬子句形容主詞補語the one,所以是形容詞子句。

7. 主要: He ignores them and stays honest with himself

從屬: although there are many rumors about him

解析:這一句的從屬子句並沒形容人或物,而獨立出來表示狀況,所以是副詞子句。

8. 主要:Helen is a smart girl

從屬: who can solve all problems

解析:這一句的從屬子句形容主詞補語smart girl,所以是形容詞子句。

9. 主要: Those are wise

從屬: who see your beauty

解析:這一句的從屬子句在形容主詞those,所以是形容詞子句。

10主要: The one is wise

從屬: who sees your beauty

解析:這一句的從屬子句在形容主詞the one,所以是形容詞子句。